## EWA Statement for ECHA on the call for comments and evidence on Occupational exposure limits of

#### welding fumes

## 1- EWA (European welding association) Relevance of association

EWA represents the European manufacturers of Welding Equipment, Welding consumables and Health and Safety equipment. EWA members are national welding associations of Germany, Italy and France and also main European producers (including UK and Turkey). EWA is an association, which represent around 80% of the European production of welding equipment and welding consumables in Europe/ EWA are considered by the European commission as representative of our industry and are regularly consulted for the elaboration of European directives when our industry is involved

EWA identification number on the Transparency Register is: 711840531940-21

EWA informs regularly the users of welding technology on the risks linked with the welding processes and the adapted protection to be used (WES : Welding exposure scenario) / last update was done in 2021 June – and can viewed on the EWA website in 21 European language : <a href="https://european-welding.org/health-safety/">https://european-welding.org/health-safety/</a>

EWA exchange regularly with the IIW (International institute of welding) and commission 8 ( health , safety , environment)

## 2- Welding OSH practice "as is"

The welding industry respects since decades the adaptation of occupational exposure limits (OEL), based on updated medical findings. Welding Technology providers are very concerned by the safety of welders, and the exposure of employees to welding fumes have to be continuously be reduced. EWA is always recommending that the best protection equipment is strictly used to avoid the risks (individual or collective).

In Europe we have different dust or welding fume limits in the different member states.

In some countries selective material specific elements in the welding fume are considered and controlled according to their carcinogenic health effect, e.g. Cr VI compounds, oxides from Ni, Cd, Be.

# 3- Potential new OEL for "welding fumes+" under CMD

We have not yet been informed by any European or local authority <u>why</u> the "welding fumes +" as process-generated substance of mixed and varying composition shall be ruled under the CMD in the future. We would appreciate receiving this information, to inform accordingly also our members.

As stated above, if medical scientific findings justify such a change in regulation, we expect the welding industry to work forward an efficient implementation in the interest of its users. To ensure practically the occupational safety of welders, as well as the preservation of workplaces, value generated and competitive know-how in EU, we recommend consideration of following critical success factors (CSFs);

- a. <u>Harmonization across EU</u>: many of our members operate across national borders and cannot use different measures for different employees in different EU countries.
- b. <u>Simplification</u>: e.g. clear, understandable, measurable and communicable OEL values for the most hazardous substance, less singular elements to be controlled, subsuming of OELs where possible.
- c. <u>International adequacy</u>: if new EU OELs would undermatch substantially OELs announced in other globally competitive regions, neither employees nor employers will benefit; exporting workplaces with the hazard and the value generated outside EU is not an option.
- d. **Improve information all over Europe :** of welders and their employers on the risks and ways of protection. To increase the level of training of welders , welding technicians and engineers during their formation period with a regular update/ To have a strict application of the use of protection equipment and fume treatment systems.

We offer the compelling experience of our members as consultative contribution for the upcoming ECHA processes addressing "welding fume +" related themes.

#### 4- Industry initiative to reduce welding fume exposures started

EWA is supporting In Germany

- the DVS (German Welding Association) which started 2020 the "REarc welding" initiative, to substantially <u>Reduce Exposures in arc welding</u>. This was industry triggered, intrinsically motivated by responsible care for employees, and before current regulatory changes were announced.
- In a collaborative consortium with welding technology providers and users, with national OSH authorities and institutions, with research and educational centres, unions and trade associations, DVS aim to develop and implement new prevention measures which can reduce hazardous welding emissions already at their source, and as such, are more effective than current practice. The initiative comprises two workstreams, one on "Innovation" and one on "Information".

EWA will support with interest any other initiative that could be taken by other European institutes in order to improve the protection and safety of welders

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